

Meeting:	Cabinet
Meeting date:	Thursday 7 June 2018
Title of report:	Learning Disability Strategy 2018-2028
Report by:	Cabinet member health and wellbeing

#### Classification

Open

#### **Decision type**

Kev

#### Wards affected

(All Wards);

# Purpose and summary

To approve the Learning Disability Strategy 2018-2028.

The Learning Disability Strategy will:

- a. Set out the outputs required to achieve improved life outcomes for people with learning disabilities and to achieve improved quality and efficiency across the wider learning disability community, linking them to guidance, legislation and to the wider strategic / financial aims of the council and clinical commissioning group;
- b. Set out the resources and actions required against each priority and by whom, in order to achieve the identified outcomes for adults with a learning disability, including young people planning for adulthood and their transition to adult health and social care services:
- c. Act as a long-term framework for the ongoing delivery of the social aspirations set out in Valuing People (2001) and then reiterated through key policy documents and legislation, such as the Mental Capacity Act (2005); Our Health, Our Care, Our Say (DH 2006); Death by Indifference (Mencap 2007); 'Valuing People Now' (DH 2009); Disability and Equality Act (2010); Care Act (2014) and Transforming Care (DH 2015).

d. Ensure that all commissioned activity for and with adults with learning disabilities is aligned to the health and wellbeing blueprint for adult social care and with the NHS's long-term commitment to ensure reasonable adjustments are made in both primary and acute health services.

## Recommendation(s)

#### That:

- (a) the executive's response to the recommendations of the children and young peoples' scrutiny committee at paragraph 38 be approved; and
- (b) the Learning Disability Strategy 2018-2028 (Appendix 1) be approved;

## Alternative options

- That the council does not have a Learning Disability Strategy. This is not recommended because, whilst a strategy is considered good practice rather than a legal requirement, failure to have one in place will impede the council's ability to deliver best value and evidence progress in leading social change for people with learning disabilities in Herefordshire.
- 2. That the council develop a separate Learning Disability Strategy that does not consider the primary healthcare needs of people with learning disabilities. This is not recommended because it would likely have a negative impact on effective joint planning of services and on the required reshaping and improvement of services to ensure good quality life outcomes for people with learning disabilities, whose long-term needs span the commissioning and operational services of the NHS and adult social care.
- 3. That the council does not include the needs of young people with learning disabilities prior to transition to adult services. This is not recommended because well-coordinated planning across children's and adult services is essential, firstly to the successful planning of services to meet assessed outcomes and secondly to supporting positive long-term aspirations for independence, employment, lifelong health and active citizenship.
- 4. That the council develop a whole-life Learning Disability Strategy to cover both the childhood and adulthood of people with learning disabilities rather than a primarily adult-focused strategy. This is not recommended at this time because prior to the start of specific 'preparation for adulthood' planning around Year-9 (age 13 onwards), the key issues are common to all children. Beyond this point, the current approach fits with the similar post-adolescence planning process used within health services and with the preparation-for-adulthood process used within the council's children's service in aligning with the requirements of the Care Act 2014.

# **Key considerations**

5. The council and the CCG are committed to ensuring the well-being, social integration and safety of people with learning disabilities across a wide range of daily living activities and to the provision and use of universal and specialist health care in order to improve their long-term health. As part of these overarching responsibilities and as commissioning organisations committed to a healthier, wealthier and more inclusive Herefordshire, we want to work together with the people who use and deliver all kinds of services to help Herefordshire be a place that universally celebrates people with learning disabilities,

- enabling them to live the positive, inclusive and socially valued lives originally envisioned by the government's Valuing People white paper in 2001.
- 6. The Learning Disability Strategy has been developed within the context of very challenging public finances both nationally and locally; in Herefordshire we continue to face a very difficult financial future across health and social care. As commissioners and providers, it challenges the system to do more with less and ensure we make best use of the combined budget of £30 million currently spent on health and care services for people with learning disabilities in the county. We will do this by learning from others; using technology intelligently; making better use of universal services and by working collaboratively across the independent & voluntary sectors and with the wider community wherever possible.
- 7. In order to meet these objectives, the council, in partnership with Herefordshire Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) and the learning disability community in the county, has coproduced a comprehensive outcome-focused Learning Disability Strategy. The strategy has been developed under the governance of a project board with senior representation from the council and CCG. Agreement of the strategy will be through Cabinet and the CCG's governing body; if agreed, commissioners will begin immediate delivery in accordance with the draft 2018/19 implementation plan contained within the strategy.
- 8. For a number of years the council's learning disability commissioning activity has been reactive, concerned with contract renewal and improvement of existing services, rather than following a long-term learning disability-specific plan. A more specific strategy is now required to ensure that commissioning activity related to learning disability services is clearly aligned with the delivery of the health and wellbeing blueprint and the long-term aims of the government's Valuing People programme.
- 9. As such, the aim of the proposed strategy is to jointly present a clear policy framework for the commissioning and delivery of opportunities for adults with learning disabilities by a wide range of parties, from individuals using their individual budgets and service providers improving their range of services to statutory organisations implementing large specialist services, such as the Community Learning Disability Service provided by <sup>2</sup>gether NHS Foundation Trust.
- 10. In tandem with the council's Preparing for Adulthood Protocol, this strategy also includes the health and social care needs of young people with learning disabilities from the ages of 14 onwards, in order to ensure there is a seamless transition between the planned processes of preparing for adulthood and taking on the rights, opportunities and responsibilities of adult life.
- 11. Improvements are needed in the identification, collection and use of performance metrics across all commissioned learning disability services both for adults and for young people preparing for adulthood. As part of the development of the new strategy and using the information contained within the new learning disability needs analysis report (summary attached as appendix 2), the following measures are being put in place:
  - a. New qualitative and quantitative outcomes measures linking individual aspirations to both general health / wellbeing outcomes and wider population-wide outcomes.
  - Improved metrics across all of the outcomes identified in the strategy, in order to measure progress and provide evidence that outputs are improving and outcomes are being achieved.

- c. Collation of like-for-like benchmarking data to compare the cost effectiveness of learning disability services nationally and across comparable local authorities.
- 12. The strategy is divided into four priority areas that between them cover the key areas set out in Valuing People:
  - a) Where I live: People need to live in the right home, so need good and affordable accommodation options within their local community, designed to meet individual needs. This applies to supported living, family care or residential care, as all of them should enable people to live fulfilling lives, respect choice and support inclusion.
  - b) What I do during the day: People need to be a valued part of Herefordshire's communities by being supported to be active citizens through paid employment, meaningful training options and opportunities for volunteering for those able to do it. There must be a choice of local support options to offer a satisfying range of activities for people of all abilities, as well as the infrastructure in place to make sure these are safe and of good quality.
  - c) Being healthy and safe: People need to be healthy, safe and able to access the right medical help quickly and appropriately. Emphasis must be on universal access to mainstream health provision with reasonable adjustment where necessary, rather than assuming that every person with a learning disability needs a specialist service. Over the long-term, all necessary work must be done to reduce health inequalities within the learning disability population.
  - d) Citizenship, choice and control: In addition to the right blend of services and opportunities, to be fully recognised as citizens, people with learning disabilities need to have choice and control through personal budgets and direct payments, alongside an expectation that they will integrate with, contribute to and become valued members of their community however they choose. With the support of family and others, they should have a collective voice that is valued and able to influence change. More people with learning disabilities should be supported to use the social recognition gained through employment, education, volunteering and independent living within the community to extend their development into relationships, social inclusion, community engagement and the other aspects of choice, control and citizenship that others take for granted.
- 13. The model used to develop the Learning Disability Strategy is outcome-focused, meaning it focuses on the delivery of a range of activities over varying time scales, linking the delivery of well-planned and costed commissioning actions to short, medium and long-term outcomes, and then ultimately identifying its contribution to a specific social impact:
  - a. The short-term outcomes are derived from activities identified and agreed by a person with a learning disability at the time of an assessment or review with a health or social care professional.
  - b. The medium-term outcomes are derived from the whole-life outcomes identified nationally by people with learning disabilities and contained within Valuing People and other strategic learning disability guidance and policy.
  - c. Health and wellbeing outcomes are the strategic healthy living / good life outcomes identified by the whole population of Herefordshire through work

- undertaken by the council and the CCG. They are still under development and will be added in full to the Learning Disability Strategy when completed.
- d. Social or community impact is the cumulative effect that successfully achieving a tier of outcomes can have on Herefordshire's economy, culture, health and overall wellbeing. They allow commissioners to connect health and social care activity at an individual level with the delivery of long-term changes for a whole community.
- 14. In recognition of the relatively slow pace of change with learning disability services and the long-term nature of some of the targeted outcomes, e.g. reduction of the life expectancy gap, the strategy is high-level and set over a 10 year period. In order to ensure that delivery is ongoing and based on accurate financial and demographic data, there will be a series of two year commissioning plans detailing the costed and planned activity for that period, developed with the Learning Disability Partnership Board as expert reference group. Commissioning activity will then be discussed by the council / CCG Joint Commissioning Board before going through each organisation's formal governance process as required, i.e. joint directorate leadership team in the council's case.
- 15. Finally, the Learning Disability Partnership Board will remodel in order to take a lead in reviewing the outcomes achieved as the Learning Disability Strategy is implemented. In order for the board to function effectively in this role, it will be necessary to implement the new constitution developed in 2017, reincorporate the previously agreed long-term involvement by elected members within the 'learning disability champion' role and review the representation of both commissioning organisations by senior officers at the quarterly partnership board meetings. The board's current terms of reference are already aligned with the council's framework for partnership governance and will be reassessed against that framework as and when they are updated.
- 16. The currently available performance data is limited. The council will develop more detailed learning disability performance metrics during the first year of the strategy's implementation in order to measure strategic outputs and those strategic outcomes with quantitative elements. This will include making changes to Mosaic to better capture performance data and the development of an improved learning disability performance dashboard. More targeted performance criteria is now being incorporated into service contracts and purchasing frameworks for externally purchased learning disability services, making it easier to aggregate data to show progress across different sectors of provision.
- 17. The planned review by the CCG of contracted specialist learning disability community health services during 2018 will lead to improvements in the performance data generated. Further work will be undertaken to look at the data generated by GP practices carrying out annual health checks under the NHS enhanced service specification and how it can be used to track local health improvements across the learning disability population.
- 18. Commissioners have carried out a number of engagement events with service providers, family carers, Learning Disability Partnership Board members and health / social care professionals to engage them in the development of the strategy and introduce the underlying principles behind it. A communications plan has been implemented to see the strategy through its development, ongoing engagement and governance; this will be extended to disseminate the strategy across the wider learning disability community when engagement is completed and the final document agreed by the council and CCG. The strategy will be integrated into the council's Adults and Wellbeing professional training programme and can be disseminated to service providers through the council's regular provider forums.

19. An approved Easy Read version of the strategy will be produced after the final engagement sessions and made available for people with learning disabilities. This will make it clear what the council and CCG have committed to do and when, as well as showing how people with learning disabilities can continue to be involved. The team of people with learning disabilities who write and publish the Our News, Our Views newsletter have offered to support this process.

## **Community impact**

- 20. The recommendations in this report will enable the council and CCG to ensure the appropriate mix of commissioned and universal services is in place across the county and able to evolve over time, in order to enable the outcomes required for the wider learning disability community. Furthermore, these tiered health and wellbeing outcomes will link to the wider long-term strategic / financial aims of the council and CCG.
- 21. Successful delivery of the Learning Disability Strategy will support two of the council's corporate plan (2017-2020) priorities of ensuring that people with a learning disability are 'able to live safe, healthy and independent lives' and that commissioning organisations 'secure better services, quality of life and value for money' across the sector. This will happen through achieving a wide range of individual outcomes around increased opportunities for work, training and positive daytime activity; improved access to healthcare and healthy living; wider access to opportunities for social inclusion and social value for all and implementation of new service models, better building designs and use of technology to deliver better quality at a reduced cost.
- 22. The strategy will act as a long-term evidential framework for the ongoing delivery of the social aspirations and health improvement of people with learning disabilities, as set out by the government in Valuing People (2001) and then reiterated through key policy documents and legislation, such as the Mental Capacity Act (2005); Our Health, Our Care, Our Say (DH 2006); Death by Indifference (Mencap 2007); 'Valuing People Now' (DH 2009); Disability and Equality Act (2010); Care Act (2014) and Transforming Care (DH 2015).
- 23. The recommendations in this report will ensure that all commissioned activity for and with adults with learning disabilities is aligned to the health and wellbeing blueprint for adult social care (Adult Wellbeing Plan 2017-2020), supporting the intention that 'Herefordshire residents [including those with a learning disability] are resilient, lead fulfilling lives, are emotionally and physically healthy and feel safe and secure'.
- 24. The recommendations in this report will support the NHS's long-term commitment to service improvement in both primary and acute health services in order to reduce health inequalities and improve patient experience for people with learning disabilities. Further to this, they will support the post-Winterbourne commitment to continue the necessary local commissioning and workforce changes required to reduce the use of out-of-area lockedhospital beds.
- 25. The council is committed to providing a healthy and safe environment for all individuals impacted by the council's funded activities. Therefore the council endeavours to ensure that the work it and its partners undertake improves and not adversely affects the health, safety or welfare of members of the public, especially vulnerable young persons and adults. Therefore council partners are expected to work to the same health, safety and welfare standards and codes of practice as the council, as far as is reasonably practicable. This requirement will be included in the final contracted terms and conditions where services are commissioned under contract from external providers.

26. Under the Children Act 1989, the Children (Leaving Care) Act 2000 and the Children and Social Work Act 2017, the local council has a duty to provide support and services to young people, including those with a learning disability, who have been in their care for a period of at least 13 weeks since the age of 14 to support their transition out of care. These young people are entitled to a Personal Advisor and should have a Needs Assessment before they turn 18. This assessment should inform the young person's Pathway Plan which should be reviewed regularly until they turn 25. It is good practice for the Pathway Plan to reflect and incorporate any other education, health or care plan the young person has. The council also has a duty to act as corporate parents to this group of young people, which means it must act in the best interests of this group 'as if they were their own children'.

## **Equality duty**

- 27. An equality impact assessment of the Learning Disability Strategy has been completed and is attached within the appendices of this report.
- 28. Under section 149 of the Equality Act 2010, the 'general duty' on public authorities is set out as follows:

A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:

- (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act. Current and planned services for adults with learning disabilities help to make this a reality by;
  - i. improving wider community understanding of the needs and capabilities of adults with learning disabilities;
  - ii. improving social value by promoting people with learning disabilities visible access to roles, such as paid employment and to activities linked to civil participation;
  - iii. promoting self-advocacy and citizen advocacy to support people with learning disabilities to recognise victimisation or discrimination; supporting them to be able to speak out to prevent it and by ensuring there are 'safe spaces' where people with learning disabilities can access skilled support.
- (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it. Current and planned services for adults with learning disabilities help to make this a reality by:
  - i. ensuring that adults with learning disabilities have equal access to housing and employment opportunities;
  - ii. making 'reasonable adjustments' to public services, such as primary healthcare, to ensure that people with learning disabilities are not excluded from them;
  - iii. promoting a high expectation of good health for people with learning disabilities through routine access to health screening programmes; early regular cognitive function tests for dementia; an agreed standard of annual health check and effective health action plans.

- (c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it. Current and planned services for adults with learning disabilities help to make this a reality by:
  - encouraging use of universal services (leisure facilities, hobby clubs, sports etc.) alongside specialist learning disability services in order to support integration and to increase the perceived social value of people with learning disabilities;
  - ii. promoting diverse and integrated communities by ensuring there are multiple opportunities for people with learning disabilities to be supported in ways that allow them to choose ordinary places to live and work and to have ordinary lives that include loving relationships.
- 29. The public sector equality duty (specific duty) requires us to consider how we can positively contribute to the advancement of equality and good relations, and demonstrate that we are paying 'due regard' in our decision making in the design of policies and in the delivery of services.
- 30. Where services for people with learning disabilities are delivered via contracts and service level agreements with the independent, private and third sector, the council's providers will be made aware of their contractual requirements in regards to equality legislation.

#### **Resource implications**

- 31. The council and CCG currently spend a combined £30.7 million a year directly on health and social care services for adults with learning disabilities in Herefordshire. This equates to £7.4 million by the CCG and £24.3 million by the council.
- 32. There is no specific savings target for learning disability activity within the council's efficiency plans but learning disability-related expenditure is included within the overall short-term target. However, it is now generally recognised that any reduction in the overall spend of learning disability service will result from a sustained medium-term programme of service redesign and modernisation.
- 33. The Learning Disability Strategy sets out a framework for improving the efficiency of residential care and supported living models to improve outcomes whilst reducing costs; reducing dependence on social care by creating training and paid work opportunities and, over the long-term, growing the opportunities that enable people with learning disabilities to use universal services as a greater part of their daily lives.

# **Legal implications**

- 34. The report recommends approval of the Learning Disability Strategy. The strategy enables the council to meet its legal obligations under the Care Act 2014 in respect of adults and the Children and Families Act 2014 in respect of children, together with the Mental Capacity Act 2005.
- 35. Section 2 Health Act 2009 imposes a duty on councils to have regard to the NHS Constitution in performing their health service functions. The NHS Constitution establishes the principles and values of the NHS in England.

36. The council must have regard to the NHS Constitution in the event that it acts as lead commissioner for any NHS service. As part of the preparation for the more collaborative shared commissioning process set out in the Learning Disability Strategy, there was a review of council / CCG learning disability contracting and commissioning responsibilities that resulted in the contract and associated funding for community learning disability health services, provided by 2gether NHS Foundation Trust, returning to the CCG. At this time there are no pooled budgets for learning disability services and commissioning activity is only aligned rather than joint.

#### Risk management

#### Risk / opportunity Mitigation Performance management could be The council, using the new strategy, seeks focused on process measures that are to focus its attention on matters of direct not reflective of the wellbeing and relevance to people with learning experience impact of services for people disabilities living in Herefordshire and with learning disabilities in Herefordshire. ensure performance measures reflect these. There could be no shared planning or The council adopts and implements this joined-up thinking in place for the longstrategy as a long-term commissioning and term commissioning of health and social planning framework to support an effective. care services and resources for the wider efficient and high quality service sector learning disability community, leading to delivering excellent life outcomes for all a lack of improvement, poorer life people with learning disabilities in the outcomes and a less coherent and county. efficient market. Progress toward the delivery of the The council can show the significant health and wellbeing blueprint and amount of work in progress to improve enabling successful outcomes for this directly and indirectly commissioned group may be compromised due to the services that will be supported by the absence of a Learning Disability implementation of a comprehensive Strategy. coproduced Learning Disability Strategy. Delivery of the strategy will involve The council and CCG will continue to additional capital / revenue resources, commit ongoing commissioning and project changes to service provision and management resources to oversee the changes in the market, e.g. new implementation of the Learning Disability providers entering the market and Strategy, ensuring that activity matches existing providers leaving the market. resource availability and that there is appropriate planning and engagement in place to manage individual service and market-wide change.

#### Consultees

37. The Learning Disability Strategy has been in development since 2014 and the local aspirations set out in the document are based on a series of engagement events facilitated by the council during 2014 and 2015.

- 38. Using the outcomes from these earlier engagement sessions, commissioners are formally engaging once again with people with learning disabilities, family carers, health and social care professionals, the Herefordshire Learning Disability Partnership Board and with learning disability service providers operating in Herefordshire to further develop and validate the outcomes framework for the four themes that underpin the strategy. Given the particular facilitation requirements of direct and meaningful discussion / coproduction with people with learning disabilities, the engagement process will be ongoing throughout April and May 2018.
- 39. On 27 March 2018, the council's adults and wellbeing scrutiny committee engaged in an overview of health and social care activity in relation to people with learning disabilities living in Herefordshire, supported by commissioners, practitioners and senior officers from the council, CCG and 2gether NHS Foundation Trust. This included looking at recent population data, demographic trends, health and social care expenditure, current pressures and the proposed commissioning activity to address them, including the development of the long-term Learning Disability Strategy. The committee formally noted the service overview and that further information on the implementation of the joint Learning Disability Strategy be awaited.
- 40. On 14 March 2018 the children & young people scrutiny committee considered the draft strategy and made a number of recommendations to the executive. These are detailed below with a proposed response:
  - **a.** supports the strategy and requests the missing information, concerning health and wellbeing outcomes and social impact, and the implementation plan is shared with the committee when available;
    - Proposed response: Agreed. The information will be circulated to committee members by 01 October 2018 and it will be for the committee to determine whether to include further consideration in its work programme
  - **b.** requests that the executive prioritise the incorporation of improved metrics in the strategy to measure progress and provide evidence that objectives are realising desired outcomes;
    - Proposed response: Agreed. This will form part of the first years activity in the implementation plan.
  - **c.** requests that the executive considers making updates on the development and implementation of the strategy available through an appropriate forum e.g. the corporate budget and performance report;
    - Proposed response: Agreed. Progress will be reported through the quarterly corporate performance reporting process.
  - asks the executive to provide a report to the committee, in due course, on the remodelling of the Learning Disability Partnership Board;
    - Proposed response. Agreed. The information will be circulated to committee members by 31 December 2018 and it will be for the committee to determine whether to include further consideration in its work programme
  - e. asks the executive to consider appointing a member champion for learning disabilities; Proposed response: Agreed. A draft role profile will be prepared and the Leader of the Council will consult with political group leaders before making an appointment.

- f. asks the executive and the CCG to investigate methods of utilising learning disability registers held by GP surgeries to provide evidence for those with learning disabilities to more easily obtain bus passes;
  Proposed response: Not agreed. Whilst the problem is recognised, there are still
  - Proposed response: Not agreed. Whilst the problem is recognised, there are still complex issues with accessing and sharing learning disability registration data in order to achieve this specific outcome. The requirement for and provision of qualifying information for exemption schemes will be considered across the whole of the health and wellbeing pathway.
- g. asks the executive to investigate the promotion of a scheme, a similar to the Gloucestershire 50/50 strategy, in Herefordshire to encourage employment opportunities for people with learning disabilities; Proposed response: Agreed. Knowledge gained from the Gloucestershire 50/50 learning disability employment strategy will be incorporated into planned work to promote employment opportunities for people with learning disabilities in Herefordshire and that this will form part of the 2018-19 implementation plan; and
- h. ensures that following the adoption of the strategy, the CCG and the 2gether Trust are held to account for those elements of the strategy for which they are responsible. Proposed response: This is not a function of the executive. The scrutiny committee may review and scrutinise any matter relating to the planning, provision and operation of the health service in its area and make reports and recommendations directly to the relevant body.
- 41. Further engagement will take place for all relevant individual commissioning actions as the strategy is implemented and will be augmented through the changing role of the Learning Disability Partnership Board. The attached engagement record (appendix four) shows who has been involved in the development of the strategy with the outcomes of that engagement to date, followed by the programme of further engagement on the early and intermediate strategic outcomes, facilitated in face-to-face sessions and an Easy Read questionnaire by Making It Real with people with learning disabilities across the county during April and May 2018.
- 42. The Herefordshire Health and Wellbeing Board members have been briefed on the content and aims of the strategy. The relevant learning disability strategic work streams, i.e. end-of-life care and dementia, are aligned to the aims and objectives of the Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

# **Appendices**

Appendix 1: Herefordshire Learning Disability Strategy

Appendix 2: Learning Disability Needs Analysis Summary 2018

Appendix 3: Equality Impact Assessment

Appendix 4: Engagement Plan

## **Background papers**

None identified.